## New Antifungal Xanthones from the Seeds of Rhus coriaria L.

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- Z. Naturforsch. 66 c, 17-23 (2011); received June 18/September 6, 2010

Phytochemical investigations of the ethanolic extract of the seeds of *Rhus coriaria* L. (An-acardiaceae) led to the identification of four new xanthones, characterized as 2,3-dihydroxy-7-methyl xanthone (1), 2,3,6-trihydroxy-7-hydroxymethylene xanthone-1-carboxylic acid (2), 2-methoxy-4-hydroxy-7-methyl-3-*O*- -D-glucopyranosyl xanthone-1,8-dicarboxylic acid (4), and 2-hydroxy-7-hydroxymethylene xanthone-1,8-dicarboxylic acid 3-*O*- -D-glucopyranosyl ( $2^{1} \downarrow$  3")-3"-*O*-stigmast-5-ene (5), along with the known steroidal glucoside -sitosterol- -D-glucoside (3). The structures of the isolated compounds have been identified on the basis of spectral data analysis and chemical reactions. All xanthones were active against *Aspergillus flavus*.

Key words: Rhus coriaria L., Xanthones, Antifungal Activity