## Erysipelothrix rhusiopathiae Neuraminidase and its Role in Pathogenicity

Ignat Abrashev\* and Petya Orozova

Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, Institute of Microbiology, Department of Microbial Biochemistry, 26 Acad. G. Bonchev str., 1113 Sofia, Bulgaria. Fax: ++ 35928700109. E-mail: abrashev@microbio.bas.bg

- \* Author for correspondence and reprint requests
- Z. Naturforsch. **61c**, 434–438 (2006); received November 7/December 7, 2005

The role of the enzyme neuraminidase in pathogenicity of the bacillus  $Erysipelothrix\ rhusiopathiae$  was studied. Different substances with low and high molecular weight were tested as inducers of  $E.\ rhusiopathiae$  neuraminidase biosynthesis. It was found that macromolecular complexes induce the secretion of the enzyme.  $K_{\rm M}$  values for different substrates showed that the affinity of the  $E.\ rhusiopathiae$  neuraminidase increases in parallel with the enlargement of the molecular weight of glycoproteins. Results from the rabbits skin test confirmed the role of  $E.\ rhusiopathiae$  neuraminidase as a factor of pathogenicity with spreading functions.

Key words: Neuraminidase, Erysipelothrix rhusiopathiae, Pathogenicity