

Kinetics of Total Enzymatic Hydrolysis of Acetylcholine and Acetylthiocholine

Pavla Zdražilová^a, Šárka Štěpánková^a, Martina Vránová^a, Karel Komers^{a,*}, Alena Komersová^a, and Alexander Čegan^b

^a Faculty of Chemical Technology, Department of Physical Chemistry, University of Pardubice, nám. Čs. legií 565, 532 10 Pardubice, Czech Republic. Fax: +42 04 66 03 70 68.
E-mail: karel.komers@upce.cz

^b Department of Biological and Biochemical Sciences, University of Pardubice, Štrossova 239, 530 02 Pardubice, Czech Republic

* Author for correspondence and reprint requests

Z. Naturforsch. **61c**, 289–294 (2006); received August 29/October 10, 2005

Kinetics and the mechanism of total *in vitro* hydrolyses (*i.e.* up to the exhaustion of substrate) of acetylcholine and acetylthiocholine by acetylcholinesterase and butyrylcholinesterase were studied *in vitro* in a batch reactor at 25 °C, pH 8 and ionic strength of 0.11 M. Every hydrolysis was monitored by 2–3 independent analytical methods. All studied types of enzymatic hydrolyses fulfilled the Michaelis–Menten reaction scheme with the irreversible second step. A table of obtained average values of rate constants and estimations of initial molar enzyme concentrations, and discussion of the results are presented.

Key words: Acetylcholine, Hydrolysis, Kinetics