Three Highly Oxygenated Caryophyllene Sesquiterpenes from *Pestalotiopsis* sp., a Fungus Isolated from Bark of *Pinus taeda*

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A *Pestalotiopsis* sp. was isolated from the trunk bark of *Pinus taeda*. The fungus was cultivated in liquid medium and produced three highly oxygenated caryophyllene sesquiterpene derivatives, named pestalotiopsolide A, taedolidol and 6-epitaedolidol, respectively. The sesquiterpenes were isolated by silica gel based chromatographic procedures and their structures were elucidated by NMR spectroscopic data.

Key words: Pestalotiopsis, *Pinus taeda*, Caryophyllene