Phytochemical Evidence for the Plant Origin of Brazilian Propolis from São Paulo State

Vassya Bankova^a, Gergana Boudourova-Krasteva^a, Jose M. Sforcin^b, Xavier Frete^a, Atanas Kujumgiev^c, Rita Maimoni-Rodella^b and Simeon Popov^a

^a Institute of Organic Chemistry with Centre of Phytochemistry, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, 1113 Sofia, Bulgaria

Botanical Origin

- Instituto de Biociencias, UNESP 18618-000, Botucatu, SP, Brazil
 Institute of Microbiology, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, 1113 Sofia, Bulgaria
- Z. Naturforsch. **54c**, 401–405 (1999); received November 16/December 21, 1998 Propolis, *Araucaria angustifolia, Baccharis dracunculifolia, Eucalyptus citriodora*,

Propolis and plant secretions from three species, most frequently mentioned as botanical sources of the bee glue in Brazil (Baccharis dracunculifolia, Araucaria angustifolia and Eucalyptus citriodora) have been investigated using GC-MS. Based on chemical evidence, B. dracunculifolia was shown to be the main propolis source in São Paulo state. The antibacterial and antifungal activities of all four materials were also tested, the most active being propolis and Baccharis leaf exudate.

Reprint requests to Dr. V. Bankova. Fax: 003592-7 00-2 25. E-mail: IOCHNP@BGCICT.ACAD.BG