

Basic Beryllium *ortho*-Fluorobenzoate and its Mono-hydroxo Derivative

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The preparation of tetraberyllium- μ_4 -oxo-hexa[η^2 -(*ortho*-fluorobenzoate)] [$\text{Be}_4\text{O}(\text{o-C}_6\text{H}_4\text{F-COO})_6$, **2**] and tetraberyllium- μ_4 -oxo- μ_2 -hydroxo-penta[η^2 -(*ortho*-fluorobenzoate)] [$\text{Be}_4\text{O}(\text{o-C}_6\text{H}_4\text{F-COO})_5(\text{OH})$, **3**] from silver *ortho*-fluorobenzoate and BeCl_2 in $\text{Et}_2\text{O}/\text{thf}$ solution containing varying amounts of water is reported. The single-crystal structures of **2**·tetrahydrofuran and **3**· Et_2O ·2 hexane are discussed in comparison with the structure of the known basic beryllium and zinc carboxylates [$\text{M}_4\text{O}(\text{RCOO})_6$, M = Be, Zn]. DFT calculations show that lower symmetry has to be expected for Be-based M_4O -framework-type compounds as compared to the corresponding Zn compounds. Compound **2** is a potential precursor for new compounds with MOF substructure motifs.

Key words: Beryllium, Cluster, Aryl-carboxylate, Crystal Structure