The Crystal Structure of NbO₂I – A Double-layer Structure with 7-Coordinated Niobium

Sabina Hartwig and Harald Hillebrecht

Albert-Ludwigs-Universität Freiburg, Institut für Anorganische und Analytische Chemie, Albertstraße 21, D-79104 Freiburg, Germany Freiburger Materialforschungszentrum FMF, Stefan-Maier-Straße 25, D-79104 Freiburg, Germany

Reprint requests to Prof. H. Hillebrecht. Phone: 0049-761-203 6131. Fax: 0049-761-203 6102. E-mail: harald.hillebrecht@ac.uni-freiburg.de

Z. Naturforsch. 2007, 62b, 1543-1548; received July 5, 2007

Single crystals of NbO₂I were obtained as dark red needles by chemical transport. According to the structure determination (*Pnma*, a = 20.897(4), b = 3.7654(8), c = 3.9715(8) Å, Z = 4, 619 reflections, 26 variables, $R_1(F) = 0.0645$, $wR_2(F^2) = 0.1597$) NbO₂I represents a new structure type with 7-coordinated Nb atoms. Pentagonal bipyramids NbO₅I₂ are connected *via* the apical O atoms with alternating short and long Nb–O distances (1.79 / 2.20 Å) to chains and *via* the three equatorial O atoms to double layers. Between the double layers there are only weak van-der-Waals interactions of the I atoms. NbO₂I is the first oxide halide of a transition metal with CN 7. Structurally NbO₂I is closely related to UO₂Br, but with alternating short and long Nb–O distances as a difference.

Key words: Niobium Oxide Halide, Double-layer Structure, 7-Coordination, Single Crystal, Structure Determination