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Synthesis of Fluorosilylenolates, Aminosilylenolates, -ethers, and Aldol Condensates

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Depending on the reaction conditions, ketones react with n-BuLi, tert-BuLi or lithium diisopropylamide to give enolates or alcoholates. In the reaction of tert-butylmethylketone with n-BuLi followed by fluorosilanes, the fluorosilyl-enolates H₂C=C(O-SiFRR')CMe₃ (1-4) and fluorosilylethers $Me_3C(CH_3)(n-C_4H_9)C-O-SiFRR'$ (5-8) [R, R' = Me (1, 5); F, CMe₃ (2, 6); F, C₆H₅ (3, 7); F, CHMe₂ (4, 8)] are formed. Using tert-butylmethylketone, n-BuLi and (Me₃C)₂SiF₂, isobutene and the fluorosilyl-enolate of acetaldehyde H₂C=CH-O-SiF(CMe₃)₂ (9) are obtained. Diisopropylketone reacts with Me₃CLi and fluorosilanes to give the fluorosilyl-enolates Me₂C=C(O-SiFRR')CHMe₂ (10, 11) and -ethers, $Me_3C(Me_2HC)_2C-O-SiFRR'$ (12, 13) [R, R' = Me (10, 11); F, CMe₃ (12, 13)] whereas only the silvlethers $R(Me)(C_6H_5)C-O-SiFRR'$ [R, R', R" = $n-C_4H_0$, Me, Me (14); C_6H_5 , F, Me (15)] are generated in the reaction of $H_3C(C_6H_5)C=0$ with lithium-alkyls and fluorosilanes. 1-Di(tert-butyl)fluorosiloxy-1-cyclohexene (16) is the product of the reaction of lithiated cyclohexanone and (Me₃C)₂SiF₂. A side reaction of the enolate formation is often a condensation releasing water. For that reason, acyclic and cyclic siloxanes may appear as by-products, e. g. disiloxane (17) using (Me₃C)₂SiF₂, cyclotrisiloxane (Me₃C(C₆H₅)Si-O)₃ (18) using Me₃(C₆H₅)SiF₂, or cyclotetrasiloxane (Me₃CSiF-O)₄ (19) using Me₃CSiF₃ in these reactions. Attempts to prepare the enolate of cyclopentanone in the reaction with lithium diisopropylamide lead to the formation of 2,5-dicyclopentylidenepentanone (20). The 3,5,7-triphenyl-3-methyl-4,6-hexadienephenone (21) is an aldol condensate of $Me(C_6H_5)CO$. Lithium-tert-butylmethylenolate reacts with fluorosilyl-enolates 1-3 or SiF_4 to give bis(enolato)silanes, $(H_2C=C(CMe_3)O-)_2SiRR'$ [R, R' = Me (22); F, CMe₃ (23); F, C₆H₅ (24);] and the tris(enolato)silanes ($H_2C=C(CMe_3)O-)_3SiR$ [R = C_6H_5 (25); F (26)]. Aminosilyl-enolates H₂C=C(O-SiR'R"-NHR)CMe₃ are obtained in reactions of fluorosilyl-enolates with lithium amide [27: R= CMe₃, R'= Me, R"= Me; 28: R= C₆H₅, R'= F, R"= CMe₃;]. Results of the crystal structure determinations of 17, the cis-isomer of 18, one trans-isomer of 19, the pentanone 20, and the hexadienephenone 21 are reported.

Key words: Keto-Enol Tautomerism, Fluorosilylenolates, Fluorosilylethers, Aldol Condensates, Cyclosiloxanes