

# Crystal Structure, Vibrational Spectrum and Thermal Behavior of the Ammonium Hexathiohypodiphosphate Dihydrate, $(\text{NH}_4)_4\text{P}_2\text{S}_6 \cdot 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}$

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Single crystals of  $(\text{NH}_4)_4\text{P}_2\text{S}_6 \cdot 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}$  could be obtained and the crystal structure determined (monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$  with  $a = 6.931(1)$ ,  $b = 12.730(2)$ ,  $c = 17.446(2)$  Å,  $\beta = 96.87(1)^\circ$ ,  $V = 1528.2(4)$  Å<sup>3</sup>,  $Z = 4$ ). The  $\text{NH}_4^+$ , and  $[\text{P}_2\text{S}_6]^{4-}$  ions and the water molecules are involved in an extended hydrogen-bonding network. The FT-Raman and FT-IR spectra have been recorded and the observed vibrational frequencies assigned to tetrahedral  $\text{NH}_4^+$  and  $[\text{P}_2\text{S}_6]^{4-}$  ( $D_{3d}$ ) ions as well as to  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  molecules. The thermogravimetric analysis has shown that  $(\text{NH}_4)_4\text{P}_2\text{S}_6 \cdot 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}$  starts to decompose at around 60 °C (up to 170 °C), but no distinct intermediates could be observed.

**Key words:** Hexathiodiphosphate(IV), Hexathiohypodiphosphate, Crystal Structure, Raman, IR