$Cs_2K_2[Pt_{12}O_8(SO_4)_{12}]$: A New Oxide-Sulfate with the Cluster Anion $[Pt_{12}O_8(SO_4)_{12}]^{4-}$

Martin Pley and Mathias S. Wickleder

Institut für Reine und Angewandte Chemie, Carl von Ossietzky Universität, Postfach 2503, D-26111 Oldenburg, Germany

Reprint requests to Prof. Dr. Mathias S. Wickleder. Fax: +49 (0)441 798 3352. E-mail: mathias.wickleder@uni-oldenburg.de

Z. Naturforsch. 61b, 912-915 (2006); received March 29, 2006

Dedicated to Professor Wolfgang Jeitschko on the occasion of his 70th birthday

Single crystals of $Cs_2K_2[Pt_{12}O_8(SO_4)_{12}]$ ($R\overline{3}$, Z = 3, a = 1198.9(3), c = 2768.9(9) pm, $R_{all} = 0.1154$) were obtained by the reaction of $Cs_2[Pt(NO_2)_4]$, $K_2[Pt(NO_2)_4]$ and conc. sulfuric acid at 400 °C in a sealed glass ampoule. The compound contains the cluster anion $[Pt_{12}O_8(SO_4)_{12}]^{4-}$. It consists of six Pt_2^{6+} dumbbell shaped cations that are linked by eight oxide ions and twelve sulfate anions to form a distorted Pt_{12} icosahedron. The arrangement of the cluster anions in the crystal structure provides two voids for the cations. The larger one is occupied by the Cs^+ ions while the K^+ ions reside in the smaller one. For the Cs^+ ions the coordination number is 15 while the K^+ ions have a coordination number of 13.

Key words: Platinum, Sulfates, Cluster, Crystal Structure, Solvothermal Reactions