

# The Zinc Aqua Complex of a Tetrapodal Pentaamine Ligand and its Reactivity towards Carbon Dioxide

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In the context of derivatisation studies of the pentaamine ligand 2,6-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>3</sub>N[CMe(CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]<sub>2</sub> (2-(6-(1,3-diamino-2-methylpropan-2-yl)pyridin-2-yl)-2-methylpropane-1,3-diamine, **1**), we explored its zinc(II) coordination chemistry. With ZnBr<sub>2</sub> in hot aqueous ethanol, in the absence of Lewis acid, the aqua complex [Zn(**1**)(H<sub>2</sub>O)]Br<sub>2</sub> (**2**) is obtained, in which the pentaamine ligand acts as a square-pyramidal coordination cap. Single crystal structure data for the dihydrate of **2** are reported. In methanol solution, the complex is reactive towards carbon dioxide, and spectroscopic data (IR, <sup>13</sup>C NMR) indicate the reversible formation of the dinuclear methyl carbonate complex [(Zn(**1**))<sub>2</sub>(μ<sub>2</sub>-(η<sup>1</sup>-O,η<sup>1</sup>-O)O<sub>2</sub>COCH<sub>3</sub>)]Br<sub>3</sub>.

**Key words:** Tetrapodal Pentadentate Ligand, Zinc, Aqua Complex, Carbon Dioxide Fixation