## Novel Five- and Six-Membered Diazasilacycloalkanes: Synthesis, Structure and Properties

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The reactions of N,N'-dimethylenediamine 1 and N,N'-diphenylethylenediamine 2 with equimolar amounts of 1,2-dichlorotetramethyldisilane 3 give six-membered heterocycles. Fivemembered rings are formed in the reaction of the diamines 1 and 2 with 1,1,2,2-tetrachlorodimethyldisilane 4 as well as with hexachlorodisilane 5. Whilst the conversions of the disilanes 3 and 4 with the diamine 2 gave no products of a disproportionation reaction, the treatment of the disilane 4 with the diamine 1 and of the disilane 5 with both diamines resulted in cyclic aminosubstituted monosilanes which originate from the disproportionation of 4 and 5 beside the expected five-membered cyclic disilanes. All compounds have been characterized by multi-nuclear NMR, IR and mass spectroscopy. In case of the N-phenylsubstituted compounds 6, 7 and 9 the crystal structures have been determined by X-ray diffraction analysis. Bis-[N,N'-diphenyl-2-methyl-1,3-diaza-2-silacyclopentane] 6 crystallizes in the chiral orthorhombic space group  $P2_12_12_1$  (Z=4). Both silaimidazolidine rings in 6 show half chair conformation. All nitrogen atoms of this molecule are almost planarized (sum of angles: 356.3° at N1, 359.5° at N2, 356.7° at N3 and 357.5° at N4). Bis-[N,N'-diphenyl-2-chloro-1,3-diaza-2-silacyclopentanel 7, resulting from the reaction of disilane 5 with diamine 2, crystallizes in the orthorhombic space group Pbcn(Z=4). Its nitrogen atoms are almost planar (sum of angles: 357.9° at N1, 356.7° at N2). N,N'-diphenyl-2,2,3,3-tetramethyl-1,4-diaza-2,3-disilacyclohexane 9 crystallizes in the chiral monoclinic space group  $P2_1$  (Z=2) and shows a twisted conformation. One nitrogen atom has a trigonal planar environment (sum of angles: 359.9° at N1), while the angle sum of the second one indicates a trigonal pyramidal conformation (sum of angles at N2: 350.6°).

Key words: Aminosilane, Disilane, Heterocycle, Diazasilacyclopentane, Diazadisilacyclohexane