

A New Tetranortriterpenoid from *Dysoxylum lenticellatum*

Shu-Hua Qi^a, Da-Gang Wu^b, Si Zhang^a, and Xiao-Dong Luo^b

^a Guangdong Key Laboratory of Marine Materia Medica, South China Sea Institute of Oceanology, The Chinese Academy of Sciences, 164 West Xingang Road, Guangzhou 510301 Guangdong, People's Republic of China

^b State Key Laboratory of Phytochemistry and Plant Resources in West China, Kunming Institute of Botany, The Chinese Academy of Sciences, Kunming 650204 Yunnan, People's Republic of China

Reprint requests to Dr. S.-H. Qi: Tel.: +86-20-89023105. Fax: +86-20-84458964.

E-mail: shuhuaqi2001@yahoo.com

Z. Naturforsch. **58b**, 1128 – 1132 (2003); received July 17, 2003

A new tetranortriterpenoid, named lenticellatumin (**1**), three known terpenoids, dysoxylum C (**2**), eichlerianic acid (**3**) and dysoxylum F (**4**), together with three ceramides, 1-*O*- β -*D*-glucopyranosyl-(2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,8*Z*)-2-*N*-(2'-hydroxytetracosanoyl) octadecasphinga-8-ene (**5**), (2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,8*E*)-2-*N*-(2'-hydroxytetracosanoyl) octadecasphinga-8-ene (**6**), (2*S*,3*R*,4*E*)-2-*N*-(2'-hydroxytetracosanoyl) octadecasphinga-4-ene (**7**), were isolated from the twig of *Dysoxylum lenticellatum*. Their structures were determined from spectroscopic analysis. Activity screening showed that compound **5** exhibited strong antifeedant activity against *pieris brassicae* L., while **6**, **7** displayed weak activities.

Key words: *Dysoxylum lenticellatum*, Tetranortriterpenoid, Antifeeding