

Crystal Structure and Magnetic Properties of a Ce^{III} – Cu^{II} Heterodinuclear Complex

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Crystal structure and magnetic properties of a heterodinuclear complex, LCu(Me₂CO)Ce(NO₃)O₃ (L = (N,N'-propylene-bis(3-methoxysalicylideneimine)) are reported. (C₁₉H₂₂N₂O₄)Cu(C₃H₆O)Ce(NO₃)₃, monoclinic, space group *P*2₁/*c*, with *a* = 9.8295(4), *b* = 19.049(3), *c* = 15.668(3) Å, β = 94.873(12)°, *V* = 2923.2(7) Å³, *Z* = 4. The central region of the complex is occupied by Cu^{II} and Ce^{III} ions which are bridged by two phenolato oxygen atoms of the ligand. The copper ion adopts a square-based 4+1 coordination made, the equatorial N₂O₂ donors being afforded by the ligand while the axial position is occupied by an oxygen atom of the acetone molecule. The Ce^{III} ion is deca-coordinated. In addition to the two phenolate oxygen atoms, the coordination sphere contains two oxygen atoms of the OMe side arms of L and six oxygen atoms from the three bidentate nitrate ions. The Ce...Cu separation is 3.601(2) Å and the dihedral angle between the CeO(2)Cu and CeO(3)Cu planes is 17.4(1)°. The magnetic susceptibility of the complex was measured over the range 5 – 350 K. The magnetic properties of the investigated compound are dominated by the crystal field effect on the Ce^{III} site, masking the magnetic interaction between the paramagnetic centers.

Key words: Copper, Cerium, Crystal Structure, Heterodinuclear Complex, Magnetic Properties