Simple Synthesis, Characterization and Structure of Diorganotin(IV) Complexes Containing the N-(2-Salicylidene)-N'-benzoylhydrazone Ligand Dilip Kumar Dey^{a,*}, Brajagopal Samanta^a, Antonin Lycka^b, and Lutz Dahlenburg^c

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Z. Naturforsch. **58b**, 336–344 (2003); received September 30, 2002 Two diorganotin(IV) complexes of general formula $R_2Sn[2-OC_6H_4CH=N-N=C(O)Ph]$ (R = Ph, 1; R = Me, 2) have been synthesized from the corresponding diorganotin(IV) dichloride and the Schiff base derived from salicylaldehyde and benzoyl hydrazide. The two compounds have been characterized by elemental analysis, IR and NMR (¹H, ¹³C, ¹⁵N, ¹¹⁹Sn) spectra, and their structures have been confirmed by single crystal X-ray structure analysis.

Crystals of complex **1** are triclinic, space group $P\bar{1}$, $a = 11.\bar{1}631(5)$, b = 13.462(2), c = 16.511(1)Å, $\alpha = 106.193(9)$, $\beta = 106.379(8)$, $\gamma = 94.932(8)^{\circ}$, Z = 4, $R_1 = 0.0461$, $wR_2 = 0.0939$ for 13194 unique reflections. Crystals of 2 are monoclinic, space group $P2_1$, a = 10.2073(5), b =14.645(2), c = 10.411(3) Å, $\beta = 92.572(9)^{\circ}$, Z = 4, $R_1 = 0.0395$, $wR_2 = 0.0835$ for 5050 unique reflections. The central tin atom of either complex adopts a distorted trigonal bipyramidal coordination with two ligand oxygen atoms in axial positions, the nitrogen atom of the ligand and two organic groups on tin occupying equatorial sites. The δ ⁽¹¹⁹Sn) values for the complexes 1 and 2 are -329.2 and -150.3, respectively, thus indicating penta-coordinated tin centres.

Key words: Diorganotin(IV) Complexes, Hydrazone Ligand

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