

# Some New Luminescent Compounds Based on 4-Methylbenzylamine and Lead Halides

G. C. Papavassiliou<sup>a</sup>, G. A. Mousdis<sup>a</sup>, C. P. Raptopoulou<sup>b</sup>, and A. Terzis<sup>b</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Theoretical and Physical Chemistry Institute, National Hellenic Research Foundation, 48, Vassileos Constantinou Ave., Athens 116/35, Greece

<sup>b</sup> Institute of Materials Science "Demokritos" NCSR, Athens 153/10, Greece

Reprint requests to Prof. G. C. Papavassiliou. Fax: (301) 7273794.

Z. Naturforsch. **55 b**, 536–540 (2000); received March 6, 2000

Hybrides, Perovskites, Excitonic Spectra

Compounds of the general formula  $(\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3)_{n-1}(\text{CH}_3\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_3)_2\text{Pb}_n\text{X}_{3n+1}$ , where X = I, Br, Cl and  $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$ , were prepared and characterized analytically and spectroscopically. Moreover,  $(\text{CH}_3\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_3)_2\text{PbX}_4$  and  $(\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3)(\text{CH}_3\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_3)_2\text{Pb}_2\text{I}_7$  were characterized by X-ray crystal structure analysis. Their optical absorption and photoluminescence spectra exhibit excitonic bands, even at room temperature.