

Crystal and Molecular Structures of the Sulfurization and Selenation Products of Bis[bis(trimethylsilyl)amino]germanium(II). Crystal Structure of (Triphenylphosphine)gold(I) Bis(trimethylsilyl)amide

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Treatment of bis[bis(trimethylsilyl)amino]germanium(II) with elemental sulfur or selenium affords high yields of the corresponding monosulfide $[(\text{Me}_3\text{Si})_2\text{N}]_2\text{GeS}$ and selenide $[(\text{Me}_3\text{Si})_2\text{N}]_2\text{GeSe}$, respectively. The crystalline products have now been shown to be cyclic dimers with $(\text{GeS/Se})_2$ four-membered rings by X-ray single crystal structure analysis. The crystal structure of (triphenylphosphine)gold(I) bis(trimethylsilyl)amide $(\text{Ph}_3\text{P})\text{Au}-\text{N}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ has also been determined. The molecule is a monomer with a tricoordinate nitrogen atom in a planar configuration $[\text{Si}_2\text{NAu}]$. The compound does not undergo insertion of the bis[bis(trimethylsilyl)amino]germylene.