

# D/H and $^{18}\text{O}/^{16}\text{O}$ Isotopic Reduced Partition Function Ratios of Water Molecules around a Sodium Ion

Takao Oi and Akiko Otsubo

Faculty of Science and Technology, Sophia University, 7-1 Kioicho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo 102-8554, Japan

Reprint requests to T. O.; Fax: +81-3-3238-3361; E-mail: t-ooi@sophia.ac.jp

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With the final goal set at theoretical elucidation of experimentally observed isotope salt effects, molecular orbital calculations were performed to estimate the D/H and  $^{18}\text{O}/^{16}\text{O}$  isotopic reduced partition function ratios (RPFRs) of water molecules around a sodium ion. As model water molecules in the  $i$ th hydration sphere of the sodium ion in sodium ion-bearing aqueous solution, we considered water molecules in the  $i$ th hydration sphere that were surrounded by water molecules in the  $(i+1)$ th hydration sphere in clusters,  $\text{Na}^+(\text{H}_2\text{O})_n$  ( $n$  up to 100). The calculations indicated that the  $^{18}\text{O}/^{16}\text{O}$  RPFR in the primary hydration sphere is slightly smaller than that of bulk water while the D/H RPFR is practically the same as that of bulk water, and that the influence of the existence of the sodium ion is limited to the primary hydration sphere.

*Key words:* Reduced Partition Function Ratio; Isotope Salt Effects; Sodium Ion; Hydrogen and Oxygen Isotopes.