

Effect of Substituent on Crystal Structures of N-(Substituted-phenyl)-2,2,2-Trichloroacetamides, 2/3/4- $\text{XC}_6\text{H}_4\text{.NHCO.CCl}_3$ (X = Cl, NO_2 or CH_3)

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The crystal structures of N-(substitutedphenyl)-2,2,2-trichloroacetamides of the type 2/3/4- $\text{XC}_6\text{H}_4\text{.NHCO.CCl}_3$ (X = Cl, NO_2 or CH_3), namely, N-(3-nitrophenyl)-2,2,2-trichloroacetamide, 3- $\text{NO}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{.NHCO.CCl}_3$ (**m-NO₂PhTCA**); N-(4-nitrophenyl)-2,2,2-trichloroacetamide, 4- $\text{NO}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{.NHCO.CCl}_3$ (**p-NO₂PhTCA**); N-(2-chlorophenyl)-2,2,2-trichloroacetamide, 2- $\text{ClC}_6\text{H}_4\text{.NHCO.CCl}_3$ (**o-ClPhTCA**) and N-(4-chlorophenyl)-2,2,2-trichloroacetamide, 4- $\text{ClC}_6\text{H}_4\text{.NHCO.CCl}_3$ (**p-ClPhTCA**) have been determined at room temperature. The present data are analysed along with our earlier crystal structures of N-(2-nitrophenyl)-2,2,2-trichloroacetamide, 2- $\text{NO}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{.NHCO.CCl}_3$ (**o-NO₂PhTCA**); N-(4-methylphenyl)-2,2,2-trichloroacetamide, 4- $\text{CH}_3\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{.NHCO.CCl}_3$ (**p-CH₃PhTCA**); N-(phenyl)-2,2,2-trichloroacetamide, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{.NHCO.CCl}_3$ (**PhTCA**); N-chloro-N-(phenyl)-2,2,2-trichloroacetamide, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{.NCICO.CCl}_3$ (**NCIPhTCA**); and finally with N-(phenyl)acetamide, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{.NHCO.CH}_3$ (**PhA**). The crystal type, space group, formula units and lattice constants in Å of the new structures are; **m-NO₂PhTCA**: triclinic, P1, $Z = 4$, $a = 7.493(3)$, $b = 9.992(3)$, $c = 15.225(5)$, $\alpha = 84.16(2)^\circ$, $\beta = 82.59(2)^\circ$, $\gamma = 84.92(2)^\circ$; **p-NO₂PhTCA**: monoclinic, $\text{P2}_1/\text{n}$, $Z = 4$, $a = 5.807(2)$, $b = 15.354(6)$, $c = 12.475(5)$, $\beta = 92.28(2)^\circ$; **o-ClPhTCA**: orthorhombic, Pna2_1 , $Z = 4$, $a = 8.769(2)$, $b = 12.838(3)$, $c = 9.578(2)$ and **p-ClPhTCA**: orthorhombic, Pbca , $Z = 8$, $a = 9.742(4)$, $b = 10.031(4)$, $c = 23.110(9)$. The compounds, **m-NO₂PhTCA**, **o-NO₂PhTCA** and **p-CH₃PhTCA** show two molecules each in their asymmetric units. This is in agreement with the multiple lines observed in the ^{35}Cl NQR spectra of the latter two compounds. But the presence of two molecules in the asymmetric unit of **m-NO₂PhTCA** indicates that it may undergo a phase transition below room temperature. The bond lengths and bond angles are normal except for some deviations. The presence of strong electron withdrawing group at the ortho position of the phenyl ring and N-chlorination of the amide will have significant effect on some bond distances and bond angles.

Key words: Substituent Effect; Crystal Structures; N-phenyltrichloroacetamides.