

# <sup>127</sup>I NQR and Crystal Structure Studies of [N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>]<sub>2</sub>CdI<sub>4</sub>

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The temperature dependence of <sup>127</sup>I NQR and DSC as well as the crystal structure at room temperature of the title compound were determined. This compound shows a first-order phase transition of an order-disorder type at 245 K. Eight <sup>127</sup>I( $\nu_1$ :  $m = \pm\frac{1}{2} \leftrightarrow \pm\frac{3}{2}$ ) NQR lines of 79.57, 81.86, 82.56, 83.36, 84.68, 87.72, 88.34, and 88.86 MHz, and corresponding eight <sup>127</sup>I( $\nu_2$ :  $m = \pm\frac{3}{2} \leftrightarrow \pm\frac{5}{2}$ ) NQR lines were observed at liquid nitrogen temperature. Three <sup>127</sup>I( $\nu_1$ ) NQR lines with an intensity ratio of 1:1:2 in the order of decreasing frequency were observed just above the transition point and two NQR lines except for the middle-frequency line disappeared around room temperature. This temperature behavior of NQR lines is very similar to that observed in [N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>]<sub>2</sub>HgI<sub>4</sub>. Another first-order phase transition takes place at 527 K. The structure of the room-temperature phase was redetermined: orthorhombic, Pnma,  $Z = 4$ ,  $a = 1342.8(3)$ ,  $b = 975.7(2)$ ,  $c = 1696.5(3)$  pm. The NQR result of three lines with an intensity ratio of 1:1:2 is in agreement with this structure. The thermal displacement parameters of atoms in both cations and anions are large.

*Key words:* NQR; DSC; Crystal Structure; Phase Transition.